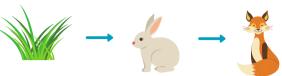




Food chains

The arrows mean 'is eaten by'



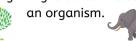
Animals and plants depend on each other to survive. For example, worms depend on plants but plants also depend on worms who make the

Year Two Living Things and their Habitats





Living A living thing is alive. It is called an organism.



Dead A dead thing has once been alive.

Glossary

Food chain- shows how each animal gets its food.

Food sources - This is the place a living thing's food come from.

Habitat- the natural place something lives. A habitat provides living thinas with everuthina theu need to survive such as food, shelter and water.

Life processes- these are the things that all living things do. They move, breathe, sense, grow, make babies, get rid of waste and get their energy from food.

Microhabitat- A verv small habitat in places such as under a rock. under leaves or on a branch. Mini-beasts live in microhabitats.

Survive- to stay alive.

Microhabitats are very small habitats where mini beasts may live



A habitat

There are

differences between

things that are

LIVING, DEAD and

things that have

NEVER been

Some habitats in

our local area

include

rivers, woodland

and parks

must include the things an animal needs to survive: food, water, air,

shelter



Non-

living

A non-living thing has never been alive.





Examples of habitats

Examples of microhabitats:



Under a leaf



Inside a log



A flower



Shrub layer

In Africa, there are many different habitats including rainforests. savannahs and deserts.



Arctic















