



numerator denominator unit fraction non-unit fraction equivalent quantities whole halves thirds quarters fifths sixths sevenths eighths ninths tenths elevenths twelfths quantities



Year Four Fractions



1													
$\frac{1}{2}$						1/2							
1/3				$\frac{1}{3}$				1/3					
1/4				1/4				1/4			1/4		
1/5				1 5		-	<u>1</u> 5		1 5		<u>:</u> !	<u>1</u> 5	
$\begin{array}{c c} \frac{1}{6} \\ \frac{1}{7} & \frac{1}{7} \end{array}$			16		-	<u>1</u> 6		1 6	1 6			<u>1</u> 6	
17			1 7				<u>1</u> 7	1 7	1 7 T			1 7	
18		<u>1</u> 8	1/8		1 8		1 8	18		1 8		<u>1</u> 8	
19		1 9		1 9	1 9		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u> 9	1 9		1 9	<u>1</u> 9	
1 10	1	<u>L</u> 0	10	5	10	10 10	1 10	10	5	1 10	1 10	1 10	
$ \begin{array}{r} \frac{1}{8} \\ \frac{1}{9} \\ \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{11} \end{array} $	1 11		111	111	1	i i	111	111	111	11	1 11	$ \begin{array}{c c} $	
112	1 12		112	1 12	1 12	1 12	112	112	1 12	112	1 12	112	

Fractions of quantities

To find a fraction of a number, divide by the denominator and multiply by numerator.

To find quarters of 20:

To find eighths of 56:

7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
•		$\frac{2}{8}$ of 56 $\frac{6}{8}$ of 56		•		•		

56



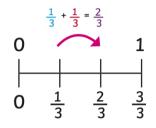


Subtractina fractions

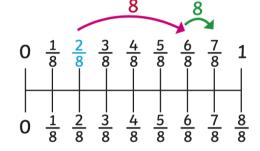
Fractions can be added when the denominators are the same.

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

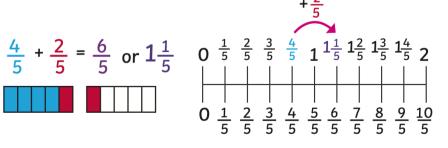




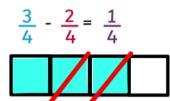
$$\frac{2}{8} + \frac{4}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

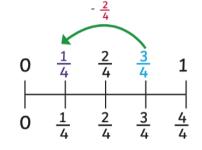


$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{6}{5}$$
 or $1\frac{1}{5}$



Fractions can be subtracted when the denominators are the same.





$$\frac{8}{6} - \frac{5}{6} = \frac{3}{6}$$

