

Like poles REPEL and opposite poles **ATTRACT** 

**Year Three** Forces and Magnets Friction

Rongh







Autumn 2

smooth

The driving force pushes the bicycle, making it move.



Friction pushes on the bicycle, slowing it down.

## Glossary

**Attract** - attraction is a force that pulls objects together

Forces - pushes or pulls

**Friction** - a force that acts between two surfaces or objects that are moving or sliding across each other

**Magnet** - an object that produces a magnetic force that pulls certain objects towards it

**Magnetic** - objects which are attracted to a magnet are magnetic

**Magnetic field** - the area around a magnet where there is a magnetic force which will pull magnetic objects towards the magnet

**Non-contact force** - forces that don't need contact, such as a magnetic force

Poles - north and south poles are found at different ends of a magnet

**Repel** - repulsion is a force that pushes objects away

**Surface** - the top layer of something

A magnetic field is **INVISIBLE** 



Some forces need -> CONTACT <between two objects. Forces will either make an object start to move, speed up, slow it down or even make it stop.



Some materials are **MAGNETIC** 

It is easier to push

or pull things

along smooth

surfaces than

rough ones.

NON-**MAGNETIC** 

Some

materials are

Magnetic forces can act at a distance which means the magnet doesn't have to touch the object to exert a force on it.





nickel or stainless steel.





