

## Glossary

**Conurbation** – an urban area made up of a number of cities, towns and villages to merge one built up area

**Facilities** – places where certain things happen for a purpose. Such as schools for education, parks for playing or shops for selling things.

**Hamlet** – a very small human settlement

**Physical features** – a feature on the Earth's surface that has been formed by nature

**Population** – the total number of people living in a country, city, or area

**Residence** – a person's home

**Rural** – an open country area that is located outside towns and cities

**Settlements** – a place where people live, such as a single house or a large city

**Urban** – a built-up area with a large population such as a city or town



Cartographers use scales when drawing maps as they are translating large areas into much smaller images. For example, 5cm on a map could be the equivalent to 50 paces.

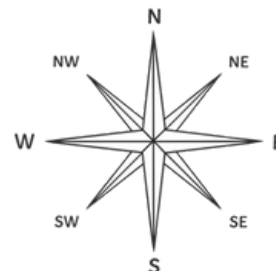
Everything on earth is in a certain direction from where you are now. The eight main directions are: **North, North East, East, South East, South, South West, West, North West and North.**

## Year Three Settlements & Populations



Autumn 2

We use coordinates, and degrees on maps to follow and give directions.



Aerial/satellite images taken from above allow us to see the differences between natural and built up environments.



Natural environments can be managed and changed by people. Some of these include:

- parks
- farming
- reservoirs
- urban drainage

**Settlements** can be small or large depending on the **population** and **facilities**. There are many different types of settlements and types of residence.



**ANIMALS**  
**HILLS**

**RIVERS**

**COASTLINE**

**VEGETATION**



A rural area is **sparsely** populated (not many people living there) and is described as being in "the country" (away from towns and cities).



An urban area is **densely** populated (has lots of people living there) and is described as a town or a city.

**INDUSTRY**

**HOUSING**

**PARKS**

**ROADS**

Different types of residence:



There will be more physical features in a rural area as it is a more natural environment.

There will be more man-made features in an urban area as it is a built environment.



The Greater London Built-up Area, or Greater London Urban Area, is a **CONURBATION** in south-east England that constitutes the continuous urban area of London, and includes surrounding adjacent urban towns.

